

An Odd-Even Sum Labeling of Jellyfish and Mushroom Graphs

Rusdan Nurhakim* and Budi Harianto
Program Studi Matematika, Fakultas Sains dan Teknologi
Universitas Islam Negeri Syarif Hidayatullah Jakarta
Email: rafanrusdan10@gmail.com

Abstract

A graph $G(V, E)$ with p vertices and q edges called graph odd-even sum if there exists an injective function f from V to $\{\pm 1, \pm 2, \pm 3, \dots, \pm(2p - 1)\}$ such that induced a bijection $f * (uv) = f(u) + f(v)$ as label of edge and $u, v \in V$ forms the set $\{2, 4, \dots, 2q\}$, and f is called odd-even sum labeling. There are three criteria of graphs that can be labeled by this labeling, they are undirected, no loops, and finite for every edges and vertex. Jellyfish $J_{m,n}$ graph and Mushroom Mr_m graph have the criteria. So in this paper will be showed that the Jellyfish and Mushroom graphs can be labeled by this labeling.

Keywords: odd-even sum graph; odd-even sum labeling; Jellyfish and mushroom graphs.

Abstrak

Graf $G(V, E)$ dengan banyak titik p dan sisi q dikatakan graf jumlah ganjil-genap jika terdapat suatu fungsi injektif f dari V ke $\{\pm 1, \pm 2, \pm 3, \dots, \pm(2p - 1)\}$ sehingga bijektif $f * (uv) = f(u) + f(v)$ merupakan label sisi dengan $u, v \in V$ membentuk himpunan bilangan $\{2, 4, \dots, 2q\}$, dengan f merupakan pelabelan jumlah ganjil-genap. Kriteria graf yang dapat dilabeli oleh pelabelan jumlah ganjil-genap ada tiga, yaitu graf yang tidak berarah, tidak memiliki loop, dan terhingga, baik secara sisi maupun titik. Graf Jellyfish $J_{m,n}$ dan Mushroom Mr_m memenuhi ketiga kriteria tersebut. Pada tulisan ini akan ditunjukkan bahwa kedua graf tersebut dapat dilabeli dengan pelabelan jumlah ganjil-genap.

Kata kunci: graf jumlah ganjil-genap; pelabelan jumlah ganjil-genap; graf Jellyfish dan graf Mushroom.

1. INTRODUCTION

Let $G = (V, E)$ be simple and finite graph with p vertices and q edges. Graph G is said to be an odd-even sum graph if there exists an injective function $f : V \rightarrow \{\pm 1, \pm 2, \pm 3, \dots, \pm(2p - 1)\}$ such that induced a bijection $f^* : E \rightarrow \{2, 4, 6, \dots, 2q\}$ with $f^*(uv) = f(u) + f(v), \forall uv \in E$. The function f is called an odd-even sum labeling of G [1].

Harary [2] defined a sum graph. Ponraj et al. [3] proved that a graph is pair sum labeling. Ramya et al. [4] proved that a graph is skolem even-vertex-odd difference mean labeling. Arockiaraj et al. [5] introduced the odd-sum labeling of sum subdivision graphs. Monika and Murugan [1] proved that a path $P_n, n \geq 2$, a star $K_{1,n}$, and caterpillar graph are odd-even sum labeling. In this paper, we proved that a Jellyfish and Mushroom graphs are odd-even sum graphs.

2. DEFINITION

In this section we define Jellyfish graph and Mushroom graphs. A Jellyfish $J_{m,n}$ graph for $m, n \geq 1$ is a graph with a set of vertex $V = \{u, x, v, y, x_i, y_j | i = 1, 2, 3, \dots, m, j = 1, 2, 3, \dots, n\}$, a set of edges $E = \{ux, uv, uy, vx, vy\} \cup \{xx_i | i = 1, 2, \dots, m\} \cup \{yy_j | j = 1, 2, \dots, n\}$ [6]. Jellyfish $J_{m,n}$ graph has no loop or double edges, and undirected. An example of Jellyfish $J_{m,n}$ graph is shown in Figure 1.

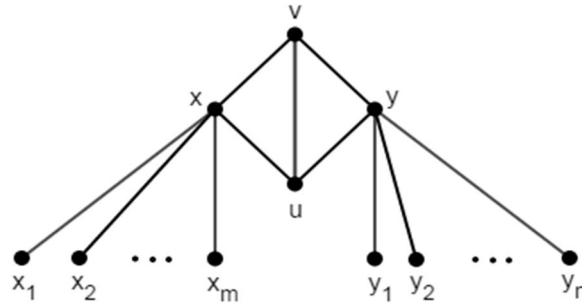


Figure 1. Jellyfish $J_{m,n}$ graph.

Mushroom Mr_m graph for $m \geq 2$ is graph with a set of vertex $V = \{v_i, w, u_j | i = 1, 2, 3, \dots, m, j = 1, 2, 3, \dots, n\}$ and with a set of edges $E = \{wv_i | i = 1, 2, \dots, m\} \cup \{wu_j | j = 1, 2, \dots, m\} \cup \{v_i v_{i+1} | i = 1, 2, \dots, m - 1\}$. This graph has no loop or double edges, and so undirected. An example of Mushroom Mr_m graph is shown in Figure 2.

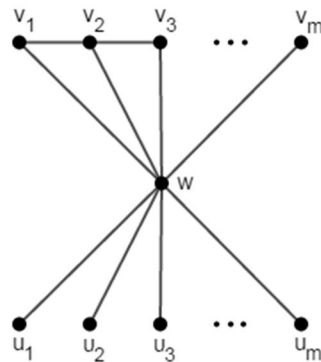


Figure 2. Mushroom Mr_m graph.

In this paper will be discussed regarding odd-even sum labeling for Jellyfish graph $J_{m,n}$ for $m, n \geq 1$ but $m = n$, and Mushroom graph Mr_m for $m \geq 2$.

3. RESULTS

In this section, we show that Jellyfish $J_{m,n}$ graph has an odd-even sum labeling. Two important results in this paper will be shown as follows.

Theorem 3.1. Jellyfish $J_{m,n}$ graph for $m, n \geq 1$ is an odd-even sum graph.

Proof. Let $V(J_{m,n}) = \{u, x, v, y, x_i, y_j | i = 1, 2, 3, \dots, m; j = 1, 2, 3, \dots, m\}$ and $E(J_{m,n}) = \{ux, uv, uy, vx, vy\} \cup \{xx_i | i = 1, 2, 3, \dots, m\} \cup \{yy_j | j = 1, 2, \dots, n\}$. Then $|V(J_{m,n})| = 2m + 4$ and $|E(J_{m,n})| = 2m + 5$. Let $f : V(J_{m,n}) \rightarrow \{\pm 1, \pm 3, \dots, \pm 2(2m + 4) - 1\}$ be defined as follows:

$$\begin{aligned} f(v) &= -(2m + 1), \\ f(u) &= 2m + 3, \\ f(x) &= 2m + 5, \\ f(y) &= 2m + 7, \\ f(x_i) &= 2i + 1; & i &= 1, 2, 3, \dots, m; \\ f(y_j) &= -(2j - 1); & j &= 1, 2, 3, \dots, n. \end{aligned}$$

Let f^* be the induced edge labeling of f , then

$$\begin{aligned} f^*(vu) &= 2; \\ f^*(vx) &= 4; \\ f^*(vy) &= 6; \\ f^*(ux) &= 2(2m + 4); \\ f^*(uy) &= 2(2m + 5); \\ f^*(xx_i) &= 2m + 2i + 6; & i &= 1, 2, 3, \dots, m; \\ f^*(yy_j) &= 2m - 2j + 8; & j &= 1, 2, 3, \dots, n. \end{aligned}$$

The induce edge labels are $2, 4, 6, \dots, 2(2m + 5)$ which are all distinct. Hence Jellyfish $J_{m,n}$ graph for $m, n \geq 1$ is an odd-even sum graph. ■

Theorem 3.2. Mushroom Mr_m graph for $m \geq 2$ is an odd-even sum graph.

Proof. Let $V(Mr_m) = \{v_i, w, u_j | i = 1, 2, 3, \dots, m, j = 1, 2, 3, \dots, m\}$ and $(Mr_m) = \{wv_i | i = 1, 2, 3, \dots, m\} \cup \{wu_j | j = 1, 2, 3, \dots, m\} \cup \{v_i v_{i+1} | i = 1, 2, 3, \dots, (m - 1)\}$. Then $|V(Mr_m)| = 2m + 1$ and $|E(Mr_m)| = 3m - 1$. Let $f : V(Mr_m) \rightarrow \{\pm 1, \pm 3, \dots, \pm(2(2m + 1) - 1)\}$.

Case (i) m is odd,

$$\begin{aligned} f(v_{2i-1}) &= m + 2i - 2; & i &= 1, 2, 3, \dots, \frac{m+1}{2}, \\ f(v_{2i}) &= 3m + 2i; & i &= 1, 2, 3, \dots, \frac{m-1}{2}, \text{ for } m \geq 3, \\ f(w) &= -1, \\ f(u_{2j-1}) &= 2m + 2j - 1; & j &= 1, 2, 3, \dots, \frac{m+1}{2}, \\ f(u_{2j}) &= 2j + 1; & j &= 1, 2, 3, \dots, \frac{m-3}{2}, \text{ for } m \geq 5, \\ f(u_{m-1}) &= 4m + 1. \end{aligned}$$

Let f^* be the induced edge labeling of f , then

$$\begin{aligned} f^*(wv_{2i-1}) &= m + 2i - 3; & i &= 1, 2, 3, \dots, \frac{m+1}{2}, \\ f^*(wv_{2i}) &= 3m + 2i - 1; & i &= 1, 2, 3, \dots, \frac{m-1}{2}, \text{ for } m \geq 3, \\ f^*(wu_{2j-1}) &= 2m + 2j - 2; & j &= 1, 2, 3, \dots, \frac{m+1}{2}, \\ f^*(wu_{2j}) &= 2j; & j &= 1, 2, 3, \dots, \frac{m-3}{2}, \text{ for } m \geq 5, \\ f^*(wu_m) &= 4m, \end{aligned}$$

$$f^*(v_i v_{i+1}) = 4m + 2i; \quad i = 1, 2, 3, \dots, (m - 1).$$

Case (ii) m is even,

$$f(v_{2i-1}) = m + 2i - 1; \quad i = 1, 2, 3, \dots, \frac{m}{2},$$

$$f(v_{2i}) = 3m + 2i - 1; \quad i = 1, 2, 3, \dots, \frac{m}{2},$$

$$f(w) = -1,$$

$$f(u_{2j-1}) = 2m + 2j - 1; \quad j = 1, 2, 3, \dots, \frac{m}{2},$$

$$f(u_{2j}) = 2j + 1; \quad j = 1, 2, 3, \dots, \frac{m-2}{2}, \text{ for } m \geq 4,$$

$$f(u_m) = 4m + 1.$$

Let f^* be the induced edge labeling of f , then

$$f^*(wv_{2i-1}) = m + 2i - 2; \quad i = 1, 2, 3, \dots, \frac{m}{2},$$

$$f^*(wv_{2i}) = 3m + 2i - 2; \quad i = 1, 2, 3, \dots, \frac{m}{2},$$

$$f^*(wu_{2j-1}) = 2m + 2j - 2; \quad j = 1, 2, 3, \dots, \frac{m}{2},$$

$$f^*(wu_{2j}) = 2j; \quad j = 1, 2, 3, \dots, \frac{m-2}{2}, \text{ for } m \geq 4,$$

$$f^*(wu_m) = 4m,$$

$$f^*(v_i v_{i+1}) = 4m + 2i; \quad i = 1, 2, 3, \dots, (m - 1).$$

The induce edge labels are $2, 4, 6, \dots, 2(3m - 1)$ which are all distinct. Hence Mushroom Mr_m graph for $m \geq 2$ is an odd-even sum graph. ■

4. CONCLUSION

Based on the results of subsection before, can be obtained two theorems that the authors call Theorem 3.1, states that Jellyfish $J_{m,n}$ graph for $m, n \geq 1$ is an odd-even sum graph and Theorem 3.2 states that Mushroom Mr_m graph for $m \geq 2$ is an odd-even sum graph.

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